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Identical letters dated 30 November 2002 from the Permanent Representative of Iraq to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council

On instructions from my Government, I have the honour to transmit to you herewith the daily report on the activities carried out by the inspection teams of the United Nations Monitoring, Verification and Inspection Commission (UNMOVIC) and the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) in Iraq on 30 November 2002.

I should be grateful if you would have the present letter and its annex circulated as a document of the Security Council.

(*Signed*) Mohammed A. **Aldouri**
Permanent Representative

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Annex to the identical letters dated 30 November 2002 from the Permanent Representative of Iraq to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council

Daily report on the activities of the UNMOVIC and IAEA inspection teams in Iraq

Report on the activities carried out on 30 November 2002

The activities of the UNMOVIC and IAEA inspection teams on Saturday, 30 November 2002, were as follows:

1. The UNMOVIC inspection team set out from its headquarters at the Canal Hotel in Baghdad at 8.30 a.m. The team, which included 11 inspectors and was headed by Mr. Demetrius Perricos, arrived at 9.41 a.m. at the site of the Chemical Battalion of the Ministry of Defence, which specializes in training privates and officers in methods of protection against chemical warfare and is located near the town of Balad, north of Baghdad. The team entered the site at 9.45 a.m., whereupon it did the following:

(a) Held a meeting of approximately one hour with the battalion commander and asked about the duties of the battalion;

(b) Inspected all the battalion facilities;

(c) Asked questions about the movement of vehicles to and from the site observed by satellite one month earlier, to which replies were given.

2. The IAEA inspection team set out from its headquarters at the Canal Hotel in Baghdad at 8.22 a.m. The team, which included 10 inspectors and was headed by Mr. Jacques Baute, arrived at 9 a.m. at the sites of the Umm al-Ma'arik Public Company, which belongs to the Military Industrialization Commission and specializes in mechanization and the manufacture of models and equipment, and the Milad Public Company, an electronic research company also belonging to the Military Industrialization Commission. Both sites are located 20 kilometres south of Baghdad.

On arriving, the inspection team did the following:

(a) Conducted inspections of the two sites, checked Iraq's half-yearly declarations and compared them with what was actually found;

(b) Replaced the old seals on the machinery and equipment subject to monitoring with new seals;

(c) Using vehicle-mounted equipment, conducted a radiation survey of the site in order to check for any nuclear activity;

(d) Asked the site supervisors a series of questions, to which replies were given;

(e) A small group went to the Qaqaa Company, located 70 kilometres south of Baghdad, with a view to repairing the air-sampling system, which had been

untouched since the United States asked the inspectors to leave Iraq on 15 December 1998.

The team completed its task on two sites at 2.30 p.m. and arrived back at its headquarters at the Canal Hotel in Baghdad at 3.15 p.m.

3. The Milad Public Company and the Qaqaa Company are among the sites listed by the Prime Minister of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Mr. Tony Blair, and the United States Department of State, in their reports of September 2002, in connection with accusations of prohibited activities relating to weapons of mass destruction.